Integrative modelling of biomolecular complexes

Alexandre M.J.J. Bonvin
Computational Structural Biology Group, Department of Chemistry, Faculty of Science, Utrecht University, 3584CH, Utrecht, The Netherlands.
a.m.j.j.bonvin@uu.nl

The prediction of the quaternary structure of biomolecular macromolecules is of paramount importance for fundamental understanding of cellular processes and drug design. In the era of integrative structural biology, one way of increasing the accuracy of modelling methods used to predict the structure of biomolecular complexes is to include as much experimental or predictive information as possible in the process.

We have developed for this purpose a versatile information-driven docking approach HADDOCK (http://www.bonvinlab.org/software). HADDOCK can integrate information derived from biochemical, biophysical or bioinformatics methods to enhance sampling, scoring, or both. The information that can be integrated is quite diverse: interface restraints from NMR, mutagenesis experiments, or bioinformatics predictions; shape data from small-angle X-ray scattering and cryo-electron microscopy experiments. In my talk, I will introduce HADDOCK and illustrate its capabilities with various examples including recent work on the modelling of antibody-antigen complexes and drug repurposing efforts against COVID-19.

DATE: 29.11.2022
TIME: 11:30 – 1:00